

# Rousham

Rousham, Oxfordshire, UK

Photographs by Alan Ward 1985, 1997, 2014

# Notes on the Making of the Photographs

Rousham is a landscape design comprising a house and gardens, that also incorporates the rural landscape along the River Cherwell in Oxfordshire. The eighteenth-century design, one of William Kent's earliest, is relatively intact on a small walkable site, still owned by the Dormer family. When General James Dormer inherited Rousham in 1737, it had a paddock west of the house and walled kitchen garden to the east, as well as an existing landscape along the river known as the New Garden designed by Charles Bridgeman. Dormer engaged William Kent to update both the manor house and the site - to make it more naturalistic, with classical elements added to the landscape. The site incorporates the overlay of design by Kent on Bridgeman's earlier layout.

Kent retained the paddock stocked with animals with its ha-ha wall, as well as the kitchen garden. He adjusted Bridgeman's layout along the river into a circuit of curving paths through shaded woodlands and glades with pools. The design sequence along a path at higher ground parallels the curving river with contrasts of dark and light, and includes garden seats with distant views to the pastoral landscape beyond the river (2,6). A 1750 letter from the gardener at Rousham survives, describing in detail the intended path through the garden.\* The photographs are generally arranged to correspond with that sequence. A series of cascades, now stone remnants, were made out of what were

probably fishponds (16), first by Bridgeman, and later revised by Kent. Bridgeman's design along with Kent's theatrical garden sequence includes classical sculptural pieces along the route and other water features (2, 9,10,11,17,18). The path enters a woodland and follows a serpentine rill that flows from an octagonal basin flanked by a grotto, known as the Cold Bath. It is an unlikely juxtaposition of a geometric octagonal pool in the midst of a shady grove (18-20).

The irregular site with varied topography includes architectural focal points and resting places fit into the sloping grades along the circuit. The Townesend's Building (15), named after the mason, is approached from a lower elevation near the river. It is followed on the route by paths near the river leading to the Roman inspired Praeneste on high ground. The Praeneste is a garden arcade, acting as a retaining wall for a path at a higher elevation (21-22). With seats in the arched openings, it is a place to pause and contemplate the sinuous river below and countryside beyond. Eighteenth-century writers likened Rousham to the Elysian Fields and the Arcadian landscapes of Greece. These terms are associated with burial places for those of honor and valor, perhaps linked to General Dormer's declining health when the garden was built.\*\*

# List of Photographs

1. South front of house and stables, 1997
2. Bowling green, Lion and Horse, and eye-catcher beyond, 1997
3. Rousham house, circa 1630, remodeled by Kent in 1730s, 1985
4. Gothic seat by Kent and 1730s ha-ha wall, 1997
5. Paddock with longhorn cattle, 1985
6. Concave slope to the River Cherwell, 1997
7. Heyford bridge, circa 1255, 1985
8. Mown path along the River Cherwell, 1997
9. Pair of statues along the river,
10. Bacchus sculpture, 1985
11. Dying Gladiator, 1985
12. Rousham house, paddock, and urn at the Gothic seat, 1997
13. Garden seat, 1985
14. Octagonal pool, 1997
15. Rustic Doric Temple of Echo or Townesend's Building, 1997
16. Upper cascade, Venus Vale, 1985
17. Statue of Pan and octagonal pool, watery walk beyond, 1997
18. Entry to watery walk looking back at the octagonal pool, 1997
19. Rill along the watery walk, 1997
20. Cool bath and adjacent grotto, 1985
21. View from mown path to the Praeneste Terrace, 2014
22. The Praeneste Terrace, 1997
23. View from the Praeneste to the River Cherwell, 1997
24. North side of Rousham house, entrance to walled garden, 1997
25. Fruit trees in seventeenth-century walled garden, 1997
26. Circular dovecote with 1685 datestone, rose garden parterre, 1997
27. Espalier fruit tree lining the wall of the kitchen garden, 1997
28. Opening between walled gardens, 2014
29. Herbaceous borders in walled garden, 2014



































































# Notes

## **Selected Publication of the Photographs:**

Linden-Ward, Blanche, *Silent City on a Hill: Landscapes of Memory and Boston's Mount Auburn Cemetery*

\* The photographs are arranged based on a route through the garden from a 1738 map and a 1750 letter from John McClary, the gardener. Both are in an article by Marvis Batey, "The Way to View Rousham by Kent's Gardener," in *Garden History*, Vol. 11, (Autumn 1983), pp. 125-132.

\*\* For more on the meaning of the garden elements at Rousham see the article by David R. Coffin, "The Elysian Fields of Rousham," in the *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*, Vol. 130, No. 4 (Dec. 1986), pp. 406-423.